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**M.Tech. Degree Examination, December 2010**  
**Design of Analog and Mixed Mode VLSI Circuits**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.**

**2. Missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.**

- 1 a. Explain in detail the second order effects of MOS device. (10 Marks)  
b. Explain the operation of common gate stage amplifier. Derive an expression for small signal gain and draw its equivalent circuit. (10 Marks)
- 2 a. Derive an expression for voltage gain of a common source stage with resistive load. (09 Marks)  
b. Calculate the  $V_{out}$  for  $V_{in} = 1.2V$  in the source follower circuit, if  $(W/L) = 20/0.5$ ,  $I_D = 200\mu A$ ,  $V_{TH} = 0.6V$ ,  $\mu_{nCox} = 50 \mu A/V^2$ . (05 Marks)  
c. Explain the cascade amplifier and compare with folded cascade amplifier. (06 Marks)
- 3 a. Explain the operation of MOS implemented current sink and source. Hence, explain its characteristics. (10 Marks)  
b. Design a self biased high swing cascade current sink for a given  $V_{min} = 0.5V$ , choose  $V_{ON} = 0.25V$ ,  $i_{out} = 250 \mu A$ . Draw the circuit diagram. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Explain the general principle of the band gap reference. Derive an expression for reference voltage of a conventional band gap reference. (10 Marks)  
b. Explain the basic principle and the operation of sense amplifier, with a neat sketch. (10 Marks)
- 5 a. Define the following terms with respect to DAC:  
i) Full scale ii) Dynamic range iii) Signal to noise ratio iv) Integral non-linearity v) Differential non-linearity. (06 Marks)  
b. Explain the R – 2R DAC. (04 Marks)  
c. Explain in detail, with neat diagrams, successive approximation – ADC. (10 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain the operation of sample and hold circuit, with reference to sample mode, hold mode and aperture error. (10 Marks)  
b. What is PLL? Explain the open loop and closed loop transfer function. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Design and explain procedure for the two stage CMOS op-AMP. (10 Marks)  
b. What is an oscillator? What are its required conditions? For the Colpitt's oscillator, prove that  $g_m R_p = \frac{(c_1 + c_2)^2}{c_1 c_2}$ . (10 Marks)
- 8 Write short notes on:  
a. Mixer (07 Marks)  
b. Wilson current source (07 Marks)  
c. Gilbert cell (06 Marks)